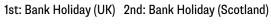


# FACE TO FACE

TWENTY TWENTY FIVE

## JANUARY 2025

JĖ	ANUARI ZUZJ	
1_	WED	
2	THU	
3	FRI	
4	SAT	
5	SUN	
6	MON	WK 2
7	TUE	
8	WED	
9	THU	
10	FRI	
11_	SAT	
12	SUN	
13	MON	WK 3
14	TUE	
15	WED	
16	тни	
17	FRI	
18	SAT	
19	SUN	
20	MON	WK 4
21	TUE	
22	WED	
23	THU	
24	FRI	
25	SAT	
26	SUN	
27	MON	WK 5
28	TUE	
29	WED	
30	THU	



#### ZANZIBAR RED COLOBUS AND BABY (Piliocolobus kirkii)

The endangered Zanzibar red colobus is found on just three islands of the Zanzibar archipelago, off the coast of Tanzania. They spend almost all of their time in the tree canopy, grazing on their main diet of leaves, unripe fruit, seeds and flowers, and use their long legs to leap between trees. Young Zanzibar red colobus monkeys have only black and white coats at first, their red and brown colouring appearing at between three and five months old. Although they have few non-human predators, including chimpanzees and crowned eagles, their numbers are threatened by development encroaching on their habitat, restricting their ability to move between trees to find food when forest areas become fragmented.

Photo © Fiona Rogers/Minden Pictures

FRI



#### FEBRUARY 2025 DECEMBER 2024 M T W T 10 11 22 23 25 26 28 ALLAN & **BERTRAM** 30 31 23 24 25 26 27 28

# FEBRUARY 2025

	LDRO/ IRT 202)	
1	SAT	
2	SUN	
3	MON	WK 6
4	TUE	
5	WED	
6	THU	
7	FRI	
8	SAT	
9	SUN	
10	MON	WK7
11	TUE	
12	WED	
13	THU	
14	FRI	
15	SAT	
16	SUN	
17	MON	WK 8
18	TUE	
19	WED	
20	THU	
21	FRI	
22	SAT	
23	SUN	
24	MON	WK 9
	TUE	
26	WED	
	THU	



#### $AUSTRALIAN\,SEA\,LION\,AND\,PUP\,(\textit{Neophoca cinerea})$

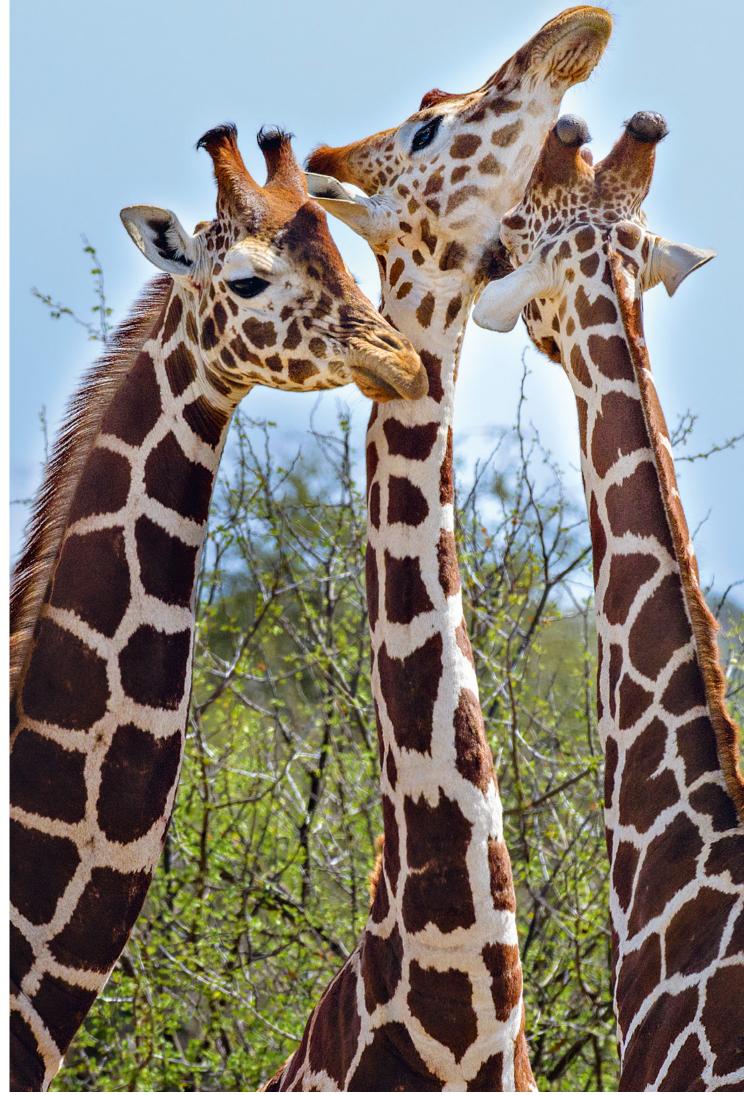
Only found on the South and Western Australia coastlines, the Australian sea lion population has declined by approximately 60% in the last 40 years and is now classed as endangered. Females will only breed in the same site where they were born and reach maturity at around 12 years old, with a breeding cycle just once every 18 months. Pups are born with brown fur which moults to reveal their adult colouring: silver grey for females or dark brown with yellow areas on their head and neck for males. Adult males are much larger than females, measuring up to twice their length and weight.

Photo © Martin Harvey/Getty Images

	JA	NU	ARY	20	25			MARCH 2025									
	S M T W T F S WK									S	М	Т	W	T	F	S	WK
				1	2	3	4	1		30	31					1	9
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	2		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	3		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	11
ALLAN &	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	4		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	12
BERTRAM	26	27	28	29	30	31		5		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	13

## MARCH 2025

	IANCITZUZ)	
1	SAT	
2	SUN	
3	MON	WK 10
4	TUE	
5	WED	
6	ТНИ	
7	FRI	
8	SAT	
9	SUN	
10	MON	WK 11
11	TUE	
12	WED	
13	THU	
14	FRI	
15	SAT	
16	SUN	
17	MON	WK 12
18	TUE	
19	WED	
20	ТНИ	
21	FRI	
22	SAT	
23	SUN	
24	MON	WK 13
25	TUE	
26	WED	
27	ТНИ	
28	FRI	
29	SAT	
30	SUN	
31	MON	WK 14



#### 17th: Bank Holiday (N. Ireland)

RETICULATED GIRAFFE (Giraffa reticulata)

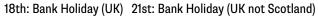
Of the nine giraffe subspecies, the reticulated is the most well known, found in Eastern, Central and Southern Africa including populations in Northern Kenya and Somalia. Despite their size – males can grow to more than five metres in height and weigh nearly 2,000 kilograms – they are able to gallop at 56 kilometres per hour, helping them to escape predators. Giraffes spend much of their time grazing on succulent foliage high in the treetops, out of reach of most herbivores, and they prefer thorny acacia trees above all. Young giraffes start to graze within a few weeks of birth but will continue to nurse from their mother until they are 15 to 17-months old.

Photo © Vicki Jauron/Getty Images

	FE	BR	UAI	RY 2	202	5			AP	PRIL						
	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK
							1	5			1	2	3	4	5	14
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	15
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	7	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	16
ALLAN &	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	8	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	17
BERTRAM	23	24	25	26	27	28		9	27	28	29	30				18

### **APRIL 2025**

	PML ZOZ)	
1	TUE	
2	WED	
3	THU	
4	FRI	
5	SAT	
6	SUN	
7	MON	WK 15
8	TUE	
9	WED	
10	THU	
11	FRI	
12	SAT	
13	SUN	
14	MON	WK 16
15	TUE	
16	WED	
17	THU	
18	FRI	
19	SAT	
20	SUN	
21	MON	WK 17
22	TUE	
23	WED	
24	THU	
25	FRI	
26	SAT	
27	SUN	
28	MON	WK 18
29	TUE	
30	WED	



INDIAN ELEPHANT AND CALF (Elephas maximus indicus)

Indian elephants are one of three subspecies of the Asian elephant which is widely regarded as a cultural icon in India and across mainland Asia. Indian elephants can weigh up to five tonnes and need to consume huge amounts of grasses, roots, leaves and stems for up to 19 hours a day to sustain themselves. They are also partial to cultivated crops such as sugar cane, bananas and rice, sometimes raiding farms and agricultural land to find these foods, particularly where their traditional roaming areas in forests and grasslands have been encroached upon. Living in small groups of adult females and their offspring, elephant young continue to be suckled by their mother for up to three years.

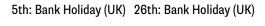
Photo © Pankil Desai/Getty Images



#### **MARCH 2025** MAY 2025 S M T W 30 31 3 18 8 6 7 10 11 12 13 14 15 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 20 16 17 18 19 20 21 18 19 20 21 **22 23 24** ALLAN & **BERTRAM** 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

## MAY 2025

1		
1	THU	
2	FRI	
3	SAT	
4	SUN	
5	MON	WK 19
6	TUE	
7	WED	
8	THU	
9	FRI	
10	SAT	
11	SUN	
12	MON	WK 20
13	TUE	
14	WED	
15	THU	
16	FRI	
17	SAT	
18	SUN	
19	MON	WK 21
20	TUE	
21	WED	
22	ТНИ	
23	FRI	
24	SAT	
25	SUN	
26	MON	WK 22
27	TUE	
28	WED	
29	ТНИ	
30	FRI	
31	SAT	



#### $BLUE\text{-}FOOTED\ BOOBY\ (Sula\ nebouxii)$

Known for the vivid hue of their feet, the success of every male blue-footed booby appears to depend on the richness of colouring: the bluer their feet, the more attractive they are to a prospective mate. The depth of colour also indicates how healthy an individual is, the blue coming from the nutrients in the fish they eat. On land these birds are at their least graceful and appear clumsy, thought to be the origin of their name, from the Spanish 'bobo' meaning stupid. Native to the coasts of Central and South America, at least half of their global population can be found on the Galapagos Islands.

Photo © Pchoui/Getty Images



	AF	PRIL	20	25				JUNE 2025									
	S M T W					F	F S	WK		S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK
			1	2	3	4	5	14		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	23
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	15		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	24
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	16		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	25
ALLAN &	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	17		22	23	24	25	26	27	28	26
BERTRAM	27	28	29	30				18		29	30						27

# JUNE 2025

SUN MON WK 23 TUE WED THU 6 FRI SAT SUN MON **10** TUE **11** WED **12** THU 13 FRI **14** SAT 15 SUN **16** MON WK 25 **17** TUE **18** WED **19** THU **20** FRI **21** SAT **22** SUN **23** MON WK 26 **24** TUE



#### GOITERED GAZELLE (Gazella subgutterosa)

The long, ridged horns of a male goitered gazelle curve gracefully at their tips, used for scraping the ground during breeding season to mark their territory. While goitered gazelles usually roam in small family groups, herds of hundreds or thousands are known to exist, but adult males remain solitary except for breeding season, between September and December. Living in the arid and desert regions of Asia and the Arabian Peninsula, from northwestern China and Mongolia to Pakistan and Kazakhstan, they often live in almost waterless habitats, their intake satisfied by extracting water from the hardy grasses and shrubs that they graze.

WK 27

Photo © Roland Seitre/Minden Pictures

**25** WED

**26** THU

27 FRI

28 SAT

29 SUN

**30** MON

	M	<b>4</b> Y 2	202	5					JULY 2025							
	S	М	Т	W	T	F	S	WK	S	М	Т	W	Т	F	S	WK
					1	2	3	18			1	2	3	4	5	27
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	19	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	28
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	20	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	29
ALLAN &	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	21	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	30
BERTRAM	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	22	27	28	29	30	31			31

## II II V 2025

Jl	JLY 2027	
1	TUE	
2	WED	
3	THU	
4	FRI	
5	SAT	
6	SUN	
7	MON	WK 28
8	TUE	
9	WED	
10	THU	
11_	FRI	
12	SAT	
13	SUN	
14	MON	WK 29
15	TUE	
16	WED	
17	THU	
18	FRI	
19	SAT	
20	SUN	
21	MON	WK 30
22	TUE	
23	WED	
24	THU	
25	FRI	
26	SAT	
27	SUN	
28	MON	WK 31
29	TUE	

14th: Bank Holiday (N. Ireland)

30 WED

THU

#### BENGAL TIGER (Panthera tigris tigris)

While adult Bengal tigers are solitary animals, a litter of two to six cubs will stay with their mother until they are two to three-years old, only learning to hunt at 18 months. Cubs do not open their eyes until 10 to 12 days after birth and are completely reliant on their mother in their first weeks and months; only half of all cubs survive to adulthood. Nocturnal hunts for prey such as wild pigs, deer or buffalo require stealth and patience, ending with an ambush and a powerful and deadly pounce; adult male Bengal tigers can weigh up to 225 kilograms.

Photo © Theo Allofs/Minden Pictures



#### AUGUST 2025 JUNE 2025 M T W 17 18 24 25 26 28 23 ALLAN & BERTRAM 29 30 **26 27 28 29** 30 35

# AUGUST 2025

1	100001202)	
1	FRI	
2	SAT	
3	SUN	
4	MON	WK 32
5	TUE	
6	WED	
7	THU	
8	FRI	
9	SAT	
10	SUN	
11_	MON	WK 33
12	TUE	
13	WED	
14	ТНИ	
15	FRI	
16	SAT	
17	SUN	
18	MON	WK 34
19	TUE	
20	WED	
21	THU	
22	FRI	
23	SAT	
24	SUN	
25	MON	WK 35
26	TUE	
27	WED	
28	тни	
29	FRI	
30	SAT	

4th: Bank Holiday (Scotland) 25th: Bank Holiday (UK not Scotland)

#### HYACINTH MACAW (Anodorhynchus hyacinthinus)

The brilliant cobalt feathers of the hyacinth macaw make this largest of parrots stand out among the tropical wetlands, palm swamps and flooded grasslands where it is found in Brazil, Bolivia and Paraguay. Their powerful beak, able to apply more than 2,000 kilopascals of pressure, is used to break open the toughest of nuts and seeds, including coconuts, brazil nut pods and macadamia nuts. Hyacinth macaws fly in pairs, keeping in constant contact even when separated through loud vocalisations. They nest in tree cavities or fissures in a cliff face, laying one or two eggs and nurturing the chick or chicks until they reach six months of age.

Photo © Danita Delimont Stock/AWL Images

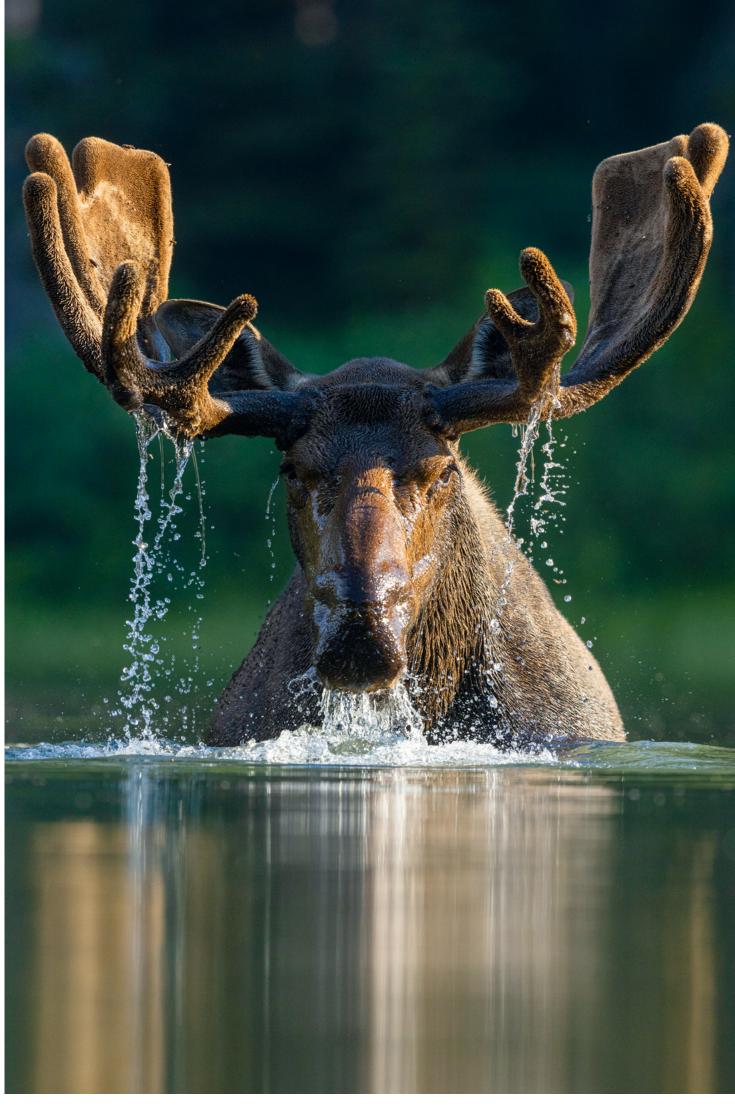
**31** SUN



	JULY 2025											SEPTEMBER 2025								
	S M T W T F S WK S M T W T											F	S	WK						
			1	2	3	4	5	27			1	2	3	4	5	6	36			
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	28		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	37			
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	29		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	38			
ALLAN &	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	30		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	39			
BERTRAM	27	28	29	30	31			31		28	29	30					40			

# SEPTEMBER 2025

1	MON	WK 36
2	TUE	
3	WED	
4	THU	
5	FRI	
6	SAT	
7	SUN	
8	MON	WK 37
9	TUE	
10	WED	
11	THU	
12	FRI	
13	SAT	
14	SUN	
15	MON	WK 38
16	TUE	
17	WED	
18	THU	
19	FRI	
20	SAT	
21	SUN	
22	MON	WK 39
23	TUE	
24	WED	
25	THU	
26	FRI	
27	SAT	
28	SUN	
29	MON	WK 40
30	TUE	



#### MOOSE (Alces alces)

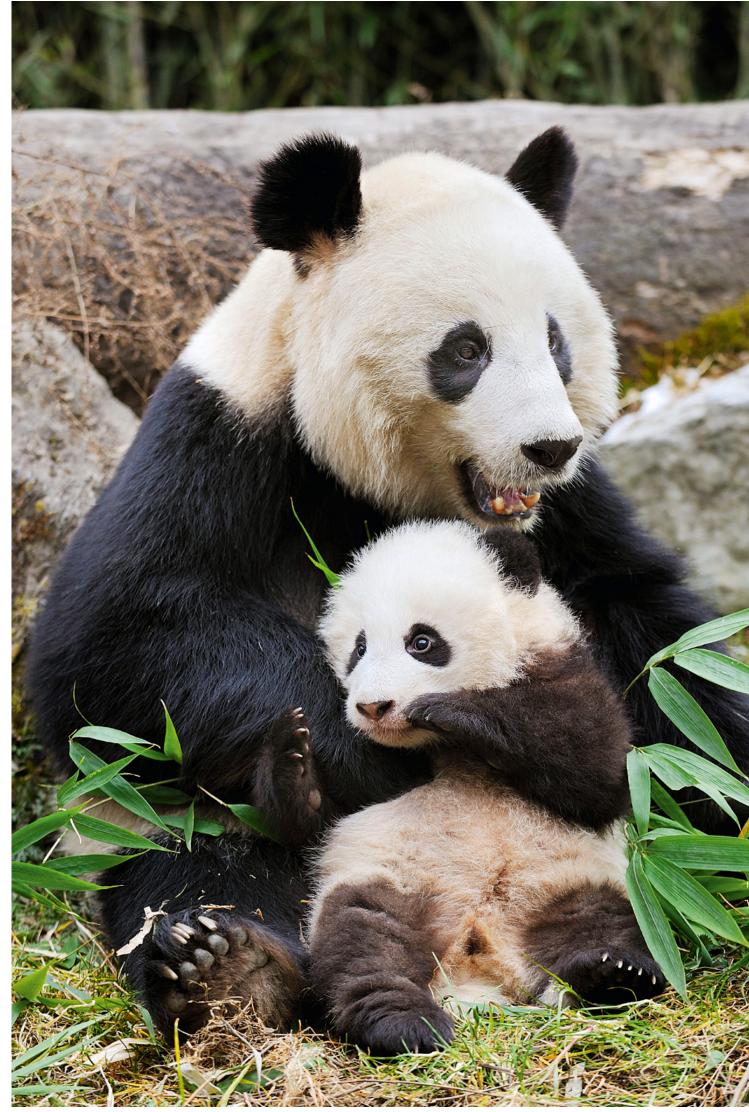
The largest of all the deer species, growing up to two-metres tall at the shoulder, moose can be found in the forests and woodlands of northern Europe, Asia and North America. Male moose grow impressive antlers which can measure 1.8 metres from point to point but the bulk of these antlers can make lowering their head to the ground difficult so they prefer to graze on shrubs, grasses, pinecones, lichen and mosses at head height. Moose are surprisingly good swimmers despite their size and can be seen feeding on aquatic plants in lakes and rivers once the frozen surface melts in the spring and summer.

Photo © Donald M. Jones/Minden Pictures

	AUGUST 2025									OCTOBER 2025							
	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK		S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK
	31					1	2	31					1	2	3	4	40
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	32		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	41
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	33	,	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	42
ALLAN &	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	34	,	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	43
BERTRAM	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	35	:	26	27	28	29	30	31		44

## OCTOBER 2025

		NZUZ
1	WED	
2	THU	
3	FRI	
4	SAT	
5	SUN	
6	MON	WK 41
7	TUE	
8	WED	
9	THU	
10	FRI	
11	SAT	
12	SUN	
13	MON	WK 42
14	TUE	
15	WED	
16	THU	
17	FRI	
18	SAT	
19	SUN	
20	MON	WK 43
21	TUE	
22	WED	
23	THU	
24	FRI	
25	SAT	
26	SUN	
27	MON	WK 44
28	TUE	
29	WED	
30	THU	



#### GIANT PANDA AND CUB (Ailuropoda melanoleuca)

One of the rarest and most endangered species in the world, there are thought to be around 1,800 giant pandas in the wild, spread among a limited range of bamboo forests in southwest China. This well-known icon of conservation continues to be at risk due to loss and fragmentation of their habitat. Usually solitary animals, males and females only associate for a few days during the mating season, between March and May. The mother is then left alone to care for her cub, which stays with her for around 18 months or until she successfully mates once again. Cubs are dependent on their mother until weaning onto a diet almost exclusively of bamboo shoots and leaves, at eight to nine-months old.

Photo © Eric Baccega/Robert Harding

**31** FRI

	SE	SEPTEMBER 2025								NOVEMBER 2025								
	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK	S	М	T	W	T	F	S			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	36	30						1			
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	37	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	38	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
ALLAN &	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	39	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
BERTRAM	28	29	30					40	23	24	25	26	27	28	29			

47

48

# NOVEMBER 2025

_			
1	SAT		
2	SUN		
3	MON		WK 45
4	TUE		
5	WED		
6	THU		
7	FRI		
8	SAT		
9	SUN		
10	MON		WK 46
11	TUE		
12	WED		
13	THU		
14	FRI		
15	SAT		
16	SUN		
17	MON		WK 47
18	TUE		
19	WED		
20	THU		
21	FRI		
22	SAT		
23	SUN		
24	MON		WK 48
25	TUE		
26	WED		
27	THU		
28	FRI		
29	SAT		
20	01111		



Named for the particular patterns and appearance of its spotty coat, the clouded leopard is a rarely seen member of the big cat family, living in remote areas from the rainforests of Indonesia to the foothills of the Himalayas in Nepal. They are skilled climbers, using their large paws, sharp claws and powerful legs to grip vertiginous rock faces and trees, their specialised rotating ankles allowing them to descend headfirst. Although little is known about the population of clouded leopards due to the scarcity of sightings, they are thought to be solitary and, due to having a different bone structure to most cats, do not roar or purr but rather growl, hiss and chuff.

Photo © Tambako the Jaguar/Getty Images

30 SUN



#### OCTOBER 2025

ALLAN &

**BERTRAM** 

 S
 M
 T
 W
 T
 F
 S
 WK

 1
 2
 3
 4
 40

 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 41

 12
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 42

 19
 20
 21
 22
 23
 24
 25
 43

 26
 27
 28
 29
 30
 31
 44

#### DECEMBER 2025

WK 49 9 10 12 13 11 50 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26 27 52 28 29 30 31

# DECEMBER 2025

1	MON	WK 48
2	TUE	
3	WED	
4	THU	
5	FRI	
6	SAT	
7	SUN	
8	MON	WK 50
9	TUE	
10	WED	
11	THU	
12	FRI	
13	SAT	
14	SUN	
15	MON	WK 5
16	TUE	
17	WED	
18	THU	
19	FRI	
20	SAT	
21	SUN	
22	MON	WK 5
23	TUE	
24	WED	
25	THU	
26	FRI	
27	SAT	
28	SUN	
29	MON	WK
30	TUE	
31	WED	

#### 1st: Bank Holiday (Scotland) 25th: Bank Holiday (UK) 26th: Bank Holiday (UK)

#### POLAR BEAR AND CUBS (Ursus maritimus)

Polar bears are the largest species of bear in the world and the only one to be classed as a marine mammal due to spending the majority of their lives on the sea ice of the Arctic Ocean. They spend nearly half their time hunting, traversing the sea ice and swimming between ice floes for hours at a time to find ringed and bearded seals. After feeding through the summer and autumn to gain as much weight as possible, pregnant females dig into the snow to create a den, usually giving birth in December to between one and three cubs, although twins are most common. The mother stays in the den with her cubs, without venturing out to eat or drink, until they reach three or four months of age.

Photo © Hao Jiang/500px/Getty Images



	NOVEMBER 2025								JANUARY 2026							
	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	WK	S	М	T	W	Т	F	S	WK
	30						1	44					1	2	3	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	45	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	46	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	3
ALLAN &	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	47	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	4
BERTRAM	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	48	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	5